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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/157,018	09/18/1998	BENJAMIN KILGORE	MS-80 1865	
27662	7590 12/04/2002			
LYON & HARR, LLP			EXAMINER	
OXNARD, (NADE DRIVE, SUITE 80 CA 93036		LUU, SY D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2174	
			DATE MAILED: 12/04/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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•	Application No.	Applicant(s)	7	
· Office Action Summary	09/157,018	KILGORE, BENJAMIN		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Examin r	Art Unit		
	Sy D Luu	2174		
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe Period for Reply	ars on the cover shet with	th correspond nc addr ss		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	/ IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MC	NTH(S) FROM		
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communi If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day be considered timely. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory communication. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, b Status 	cation. s, a reply within the statutory min period will apply and will expire s	imum of thirty (30) days will SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date or		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24.5	September 2002 .			
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ Th	is action is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowards closed in accordance with the practice under			is	
Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the application	•			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.	·		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-34</u> is/are rejected.		,		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8) Claims are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are objected to				
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	-	disannroved		
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		анаррготса.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	•	, , , ,		
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of the CERTIF 1. ☐ received.	IED copies of the priority d	ocuments have been:		
2. received in Application No. (Series Code	e / Serial Number)			
3. received in this National Stage application	n from the International Bu	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not r	eceived.		
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for dome	estic priority under 35 U.S.C	C. & 119(e).		
Attachment(s)				
15) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 16) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 17) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	19) Notice of I	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)	.•	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 3-98)

DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This communication is responsive to the Amendment E, filed 09/24/02.
- 2. Claims 1-34 are pending in this application. Claims 1, 2, 13, 18 and 32 are independent claims. In the Amendment E, claims 1, 2, 13 and 18 were amended, and claims 19-34 were added. This action is made Final.
- 3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

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5. Claims 1-4, 6-21, 23, 26-27 and 31-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Maritzen et al. ("Maritzen", US # 5,870,719).

As per independent claims 1, 10, 14, and 26-27 Maritzen teaches a method for dynamically displaying data values on a client computer (fig. 2, *client 220*), comprising:

receiving transmitted results, sub-items associated with the results, and rules of enforcement of sub-item combinations in a predefined format through a communications interface in response to a request from the client; and processing the results in real time using the client computer in response to user adjustment of the results and the sub-item configuration on the client computer; displaying a first set of results, and dynamically displaying the processed results on a client display device; a control module stored on the server, wherein the control module is transmitted from the server to a remote client in response to a request by the client; wherein the adjustable interface option displayed on the client is adapted to communicate with the control module, and wherein the control module facilitates the adjustment by the remote client of the associated criteria confined within the transmitted rules of enforcement that causes the dynamic output to change in real time (figs. 2-3 and 5; col. 7, lines 39-50); and wherein the communications interface is the Internet (col. 2 lines 13-15).

Maritzen does not explicitly disclose the method to comprise: preventing a user from creating and encountering sub-item conflicts using the transmitted rules of enforcement, the rules of enforcement for sub-item combination to be processed in the background, and the rules for selection and combination of the associated options automatically prevent user selection or combination of incompatible or conflicting options. However, these step would have been inherent to a method such as Maritzen so as to allow the system to process transmitted results

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transparently to users and display sub-items in combination logically and properly, especially when they are <u>mutually exclusive</u> of each other.

Independent claims 2, 13, 18 and 32 are individually similar in scope to claim 1, in that all claims involve: a client requesting for data values to be transmitted from a server (fig. 2; server 240) performing a database query; and specific dynamic output results derived from the data values as a result of user adjustments in real time via an user interface in the client. Claim 13 further indicates that the data values are pricing data (price lists and quote). Claims 2, 13, 18 and 32 are therefore rejected under similar rationale as claim 1.

As per claims 3-4, Maritzen further discloses the adjustable interface tools to comprise input boxes for adjusting criteria of associated criteria in real time as well as the interface tools being controls in a dialog box (fig. 5).

As per claim 6, Maritzen discloses the GUI to have at least one graphical control for allowing the user to dynamically adjust the results and associated sub-items (fig. 5; e.g. radio buttons and check boxes).

As per claim 7, Maritzen teaches the data values to comprise pricing data for at least one object, and the associated sub-items comprise user selectable options for the objects (fig. 5; price list and quote etc.).

As per claims 8-9 and 15, Maritzen teaches the interface tools to include: at least one previously selected sub-items are automatically deselected when a user selects a new sub-item which conflicts with the at least one previously selected sub-items; at least one additional sub-items to be automatically selected when a user selects a sub-item which requires selection of the at least one additional sub-items; and the pricing data and associated options are dynamically

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updated and displayed on the client display device in response to user interaction with the pricing data and associated options (fig. 5; col. 7, line 48 – col. 8, line 24; deselection of an item occurs inherently when another sub-item of the same option is selected, e.g. if sub-item "S10" under option "Products" is currently selected, it would be deselected if sub-item "S4/20" is subsequently selected).

As per claim 11, Maritzen teaches remote processing of the results and associated subitems to continue in response to user interaction with the results and associated sub-items on the client display device after the communications interface between the server and the client has been terminated (col. 7, lines 52-60)

As per claim 12, Maritzen teaches the GUI to have at least one graphical control for allowing the user to dynamically adjust the displayed data and sub-items (fig. 5; e.g. radio buttons and check boxes).

Claims 16-17 are similar in scope to claims 8-9 respectively, and are therefore rejected under similar rationale.

As per claim 19, Maritzen teaches the steps of receiving and using a transmitted control module to process the results in real time (fig. 5).

Claims 20-21, 23 and 31 are similar in scope to claims 6-7, 8 and 15 respectively, and are therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claims 33-34 are similar in scope to claim 19, and are therefore rejected under similar rationale.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. Claims 5, 22, 24-25, and 28-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Maritzen et al. ("Maritzen", US # 5,870,719).

As per claim 5, Maritzen does not explicitly disclose the interface tools to include dynamically coupled check boxes so that designated check boxes dynamically change as a user configures conflicting interface tools constrained by the logical rules of enforcement. Official Notice is given that this feature is well known in the art. It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to include this feature in Maritzen's interface tools in order to aid and visually facilitate user interaction with a constrained set of decision variables.

As per claims 22, 24 and 28-30, Maritzen does not explicitly disclose: (a) a warning message to be automatically displayed when a user selects a sub-item which conflicts with at least one of the sub-items already selected by the user, and a message to be automatically displayed on the client display prompting the user to select between conflicting sub-items when the user selects a sub-item that conflicts with a previously selected sub-item, and (b)the interface tools to include: input boxes that are dynamically coupled such that the input boxes dynamically change as a user adjust the associated criteria; display markers as indicia of potential sub-item conflicts; and dynamically activated dialog boxes for displaying potential sub-item conflicts, providing suggestions to resolve the conflicts and providing user interaction to resolve the conflicts. However, Official Notice is taken that these expected features are well known in the art and would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to be included in the interface tools of Maritzen in order to aid and visually facilitate user interaction with a constrained set of decision variables.

As per claim 25, although Maritzen teaches the control module to remotely process the results and associated sub-items in response to user adjustment of the results and sub-items in the through the use of Java Applets to provide real time interactivity (figs. 2 and 5), Maritzen does not disclose the remote processing to be accomplished after the communications interface between the server and the client has been terminated. However, Official Notice is given that the use of a GUI through Java Applets to obtain complete user input information remotely is well known in the art. Therefore, it would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to further include a complete set of possible results as part of the transmitted data via the Java Applets as used by Maritzen in accordance to the user's initial request from the client to the server. Transmitting the Java Applets comprising of all required data for completing a user's request would allow Maritzen's method with real time processing which eliminates the need to establish further communications between the client and the server. By limiting client/server interactions, improvements in reducing bandwidth requirements as well as reducing data latency would have been achieved.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-4 and 6-18 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that: Maritzen et al. do not prevent a user from creating and encountering sub-item conflicts using rules of enforcement transmitted from a server to a client, and these conflicts must be validated as conflicts by accessing the server; this is in contrast to

Applicant's disclosure on page 20, lines 4-7 of the Specification that the transmitted rules of enforcement of sub-item combination contain "all potential configurable conflicts between sub-items to thereby prevent the user from creating any sub-item conflicts during adjustment of the sub-items."

The Examiner disagrees for the following reasons: (a) while the Applicant asserts that the transmitted must contain all potential configurable conflicts, the claim language does not contain such definite limitation; and (b) by providing various <u>mutually exclusive options</u> such as those sub-items choices under "Products" (S10, S4/20 and 54/50) or "Marketing Service" (drop list including choice "none") in figure 5, wherein only one sub-item could be selected and the remaining sub-items under the same option would be prevented from selection and thus prevented from being in conflicts, the disclosure of Maritzen et al. clearly meets the requirement of "preventing a user from creating and encountering sub-item conflicts using the transmitted rules of enforcement" as recited or similarly recited in the independent claims.

Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Geller et al. (US 5,844,554) teaches methods and systems for user interfaces and constraint handling configurations.

Henson (US 6,167,383) teaches a method for providing customer configured machines at an internet site.

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Inquires

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sy Luu whose telephone number is (703) 305-0409. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday from 7:00 am to 4:30 pm (EST). The examiner can also be reached on alternate Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kristine Kincaid, can be reached on (703) 308-0640.

The fax number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are as follows:

(703) 746-7238 [After Final Communication]

(703) 746-7239 [Official Communication]

(703) 746-7240 [For status inquiries, Draft Communication]

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

KRISTINE KINCAID
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100

Sy D. Luu Patent Examiner November 25, 2002